Widening the vocabulary world

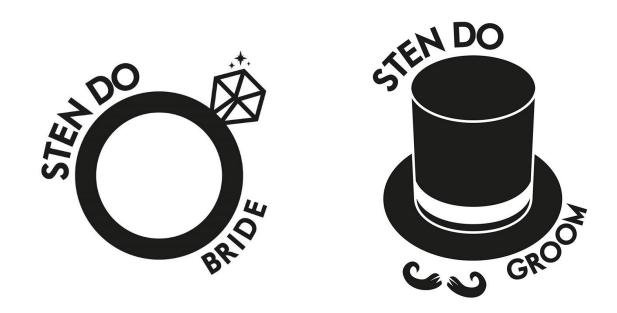


by Mgr. Jarmila Tomanová

sten do



sten do





Taken from https://dictionaryblog.cambridge.org/category/new-words/





5,000 words of active vocabulary



CEFR	Active	Passive
level	vocabulary	vocabulary
A1	300	600
A2	600	1,200
B1	1,200	2,500
B2	2,500	5,000
C1 (5,000	10,000
C2	10,000	20,000



Data from <u>http://polydog.org/index.php?threads/the-cefr-scale-and-language-level.26/</u>

Spaced repetition





Wider World

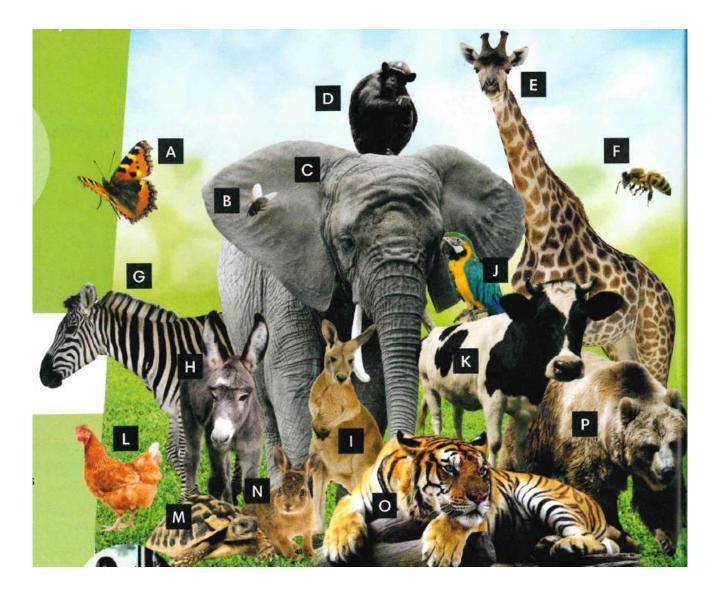




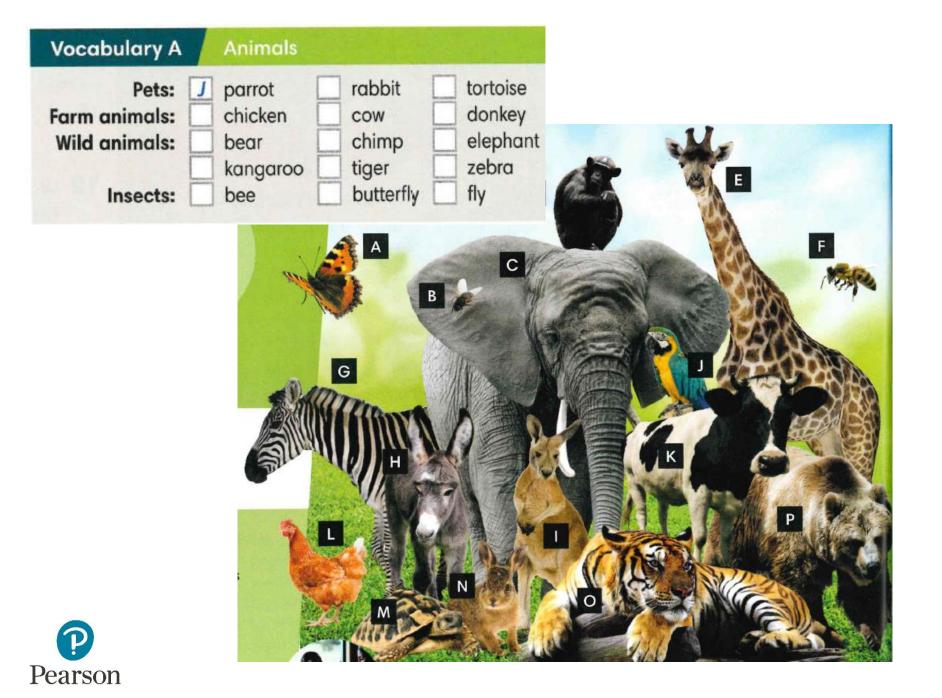
Pictures and vocabulary















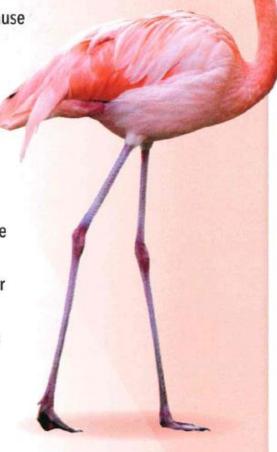




In pairs, mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Check your answers on page 130. Which fact do you find surprising?

True or False?

- 1 Dolar bears have white fur but black skin.
- 2 A flamingo's feathers are pink because it eats a special kind of plankton.
- 3 Tigers have stripes on their fur but not on their skin.
- Bees can beat their wings 200 times a second.
- 5 Elephants have a special call that means, 'Danger: Humans!'
- 6 For every human in the world, there are about 1.6 million ants.
- The tail of a giraffe can grow to over
 2.5 metres.
- 8 Butterflies can only see the colours red, green and yellow.
- 9 A brown bear's claws can grow to over fifteen centimetres.





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Picture from https://www.quora.com/Tigers-have-stripedfur-what-colour-is-their-skin

Personalization

- 9 [VOX POPS > 3.1]
 - In pairs, ask and answer the questions.



- What's your favourite wild animal? Why do you like it?
- Which dangerous wild animals live in your country?
- Are you afraid of any animals? Why?

My favourite wild animal is ... because they're cute/ clever/fascinating/funny ...







Name animals with feathers.





Name animals that are poisonous.





Name animals whose skin is used for making leather products.





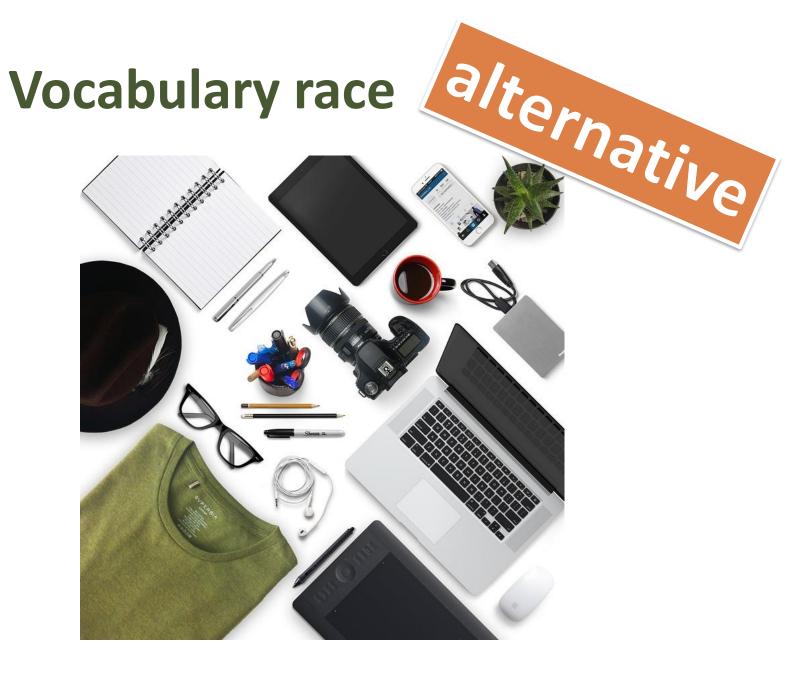
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A Ice cream flavours





A Ice cream flavours

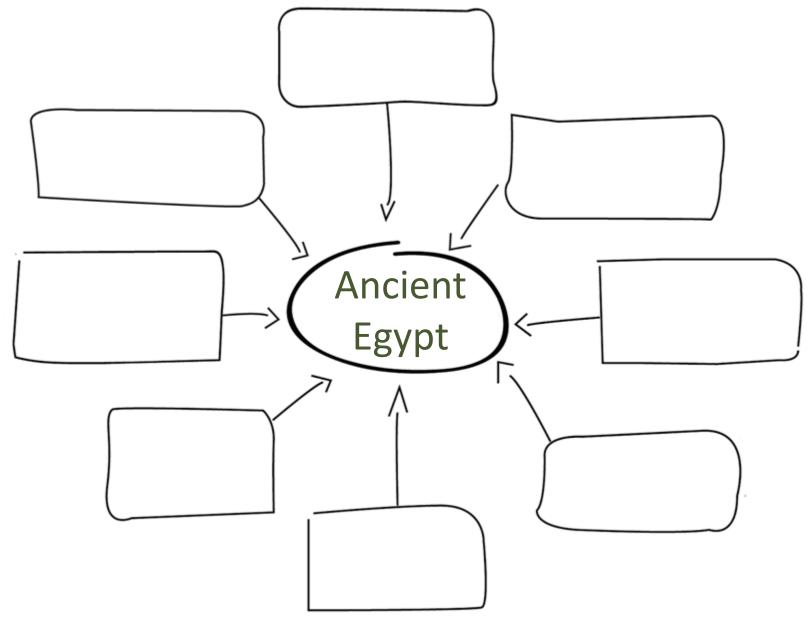




Mindmaps









HISTORY

Mummies

What is a mummy?

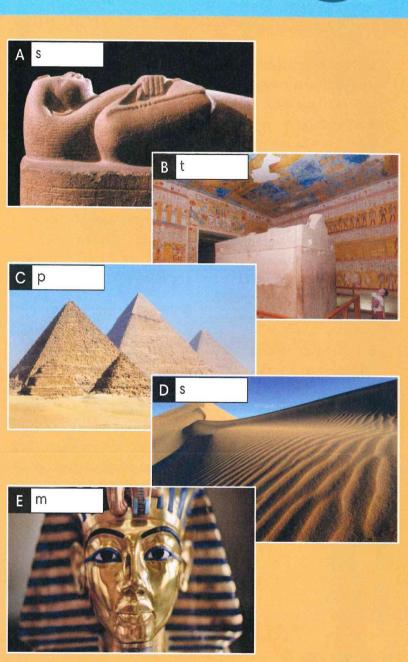
The Ancient Egyptians buried dead people in an interesting way. They prepared the body with special oils and put it in a stone or wooden box called a sarcophagus. These bodies lasted a long time and we can look at them in museums today. The bodies are called mummies. They also put food and valuable things with the bodies. Sometimes they put the dead person's pet cat there!

Why did they do this?

The Ancient Egyptians believed in an afterlife. They thought that the spirit of the dead person went to another world. They needed their body and lots of their things to use in this afterlife. They needed food and drink for the journey there.

Where did they put the sarcophagus?

They put poor people in the sand, but they buried rich people in tombs. They painted the walls with pictures from their lives. Between 2628 and 1638BC, the pharaohs (the kings) went into special tombs. They were great stone pyramids. This was to protect them. They painted the sarcophagus with a picture of the pharaoh, often with expensive gold paint. Very important pharaohs had gold masks on their faces.





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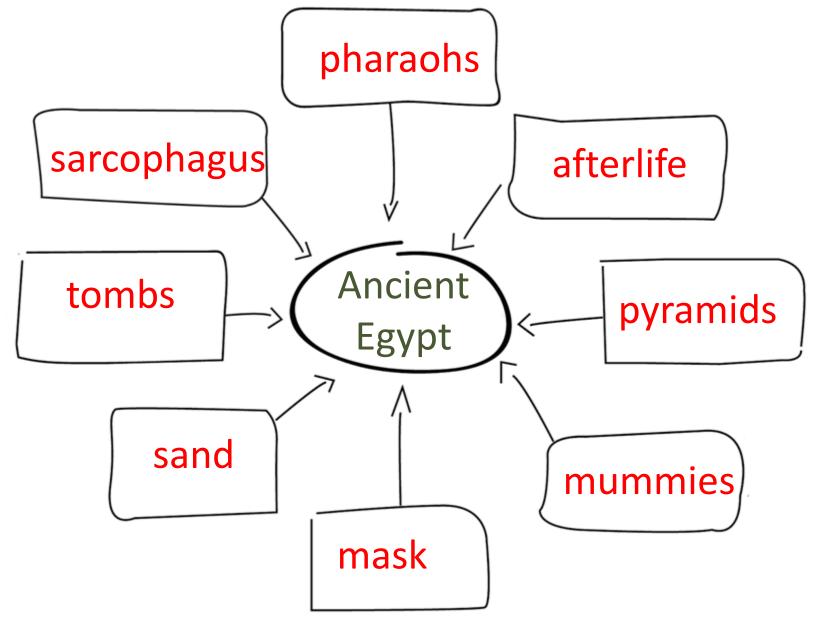
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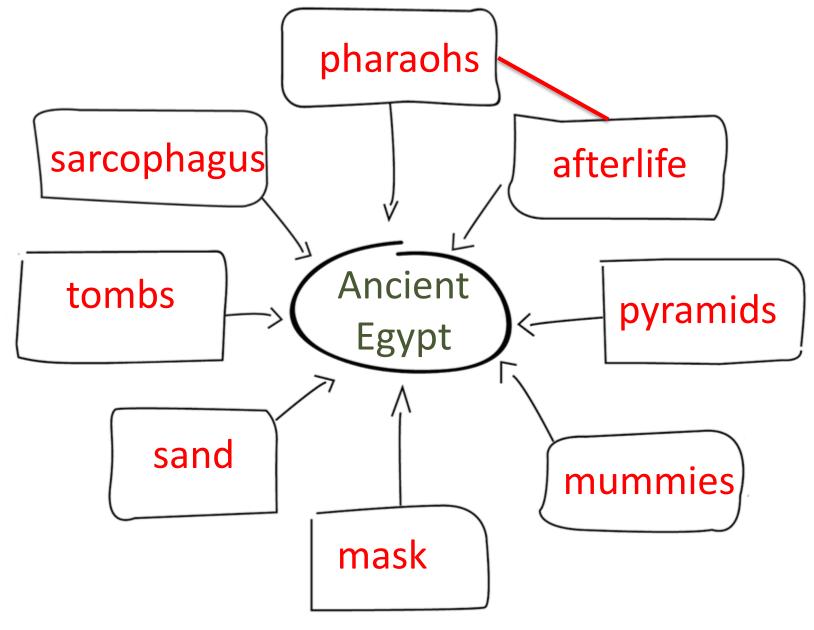
Where did they put the sarcophagus?

3

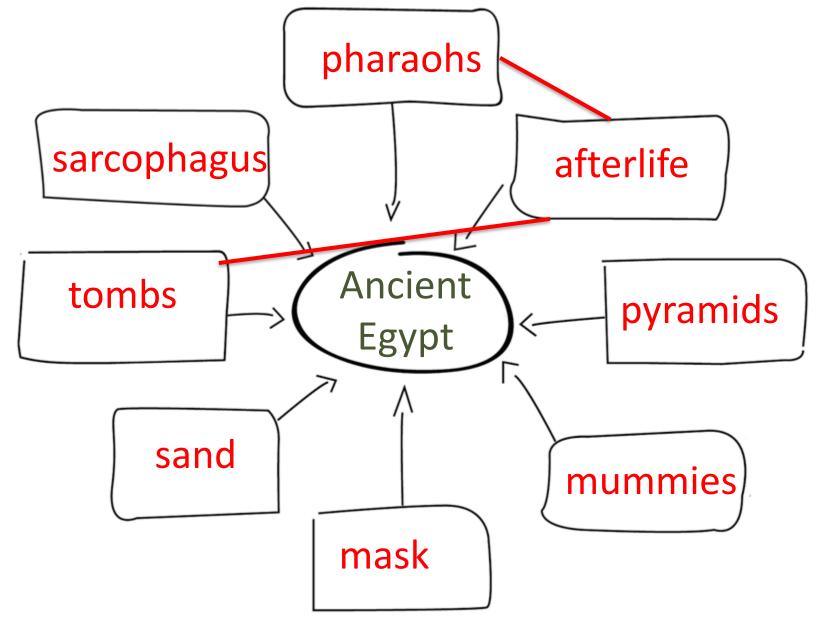
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Pearson



Pearson





Sorting





Memorizing

11 adjectives

30 seconds



Memorizing







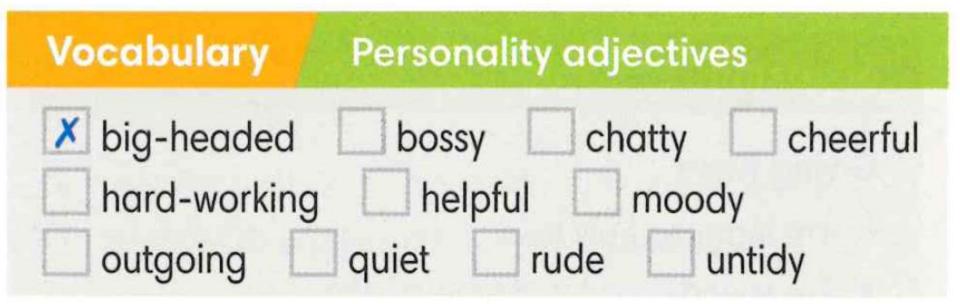
Categorizing

1.50 Tick (the positive adjectives and cross (X) the negative ones.





Bingo with opposites





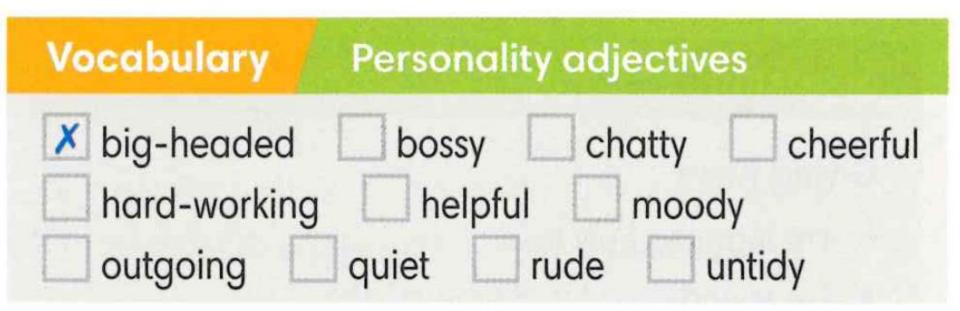
Odd one out





Pairing

"a big-headed politician"





Taboo





Get rid of your card

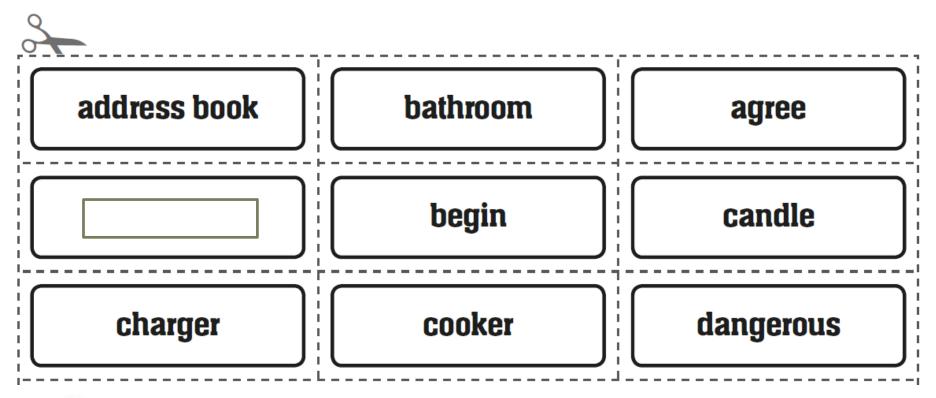




RESOURCE 88 Unit 7

Vocabulary

Get rid of your card

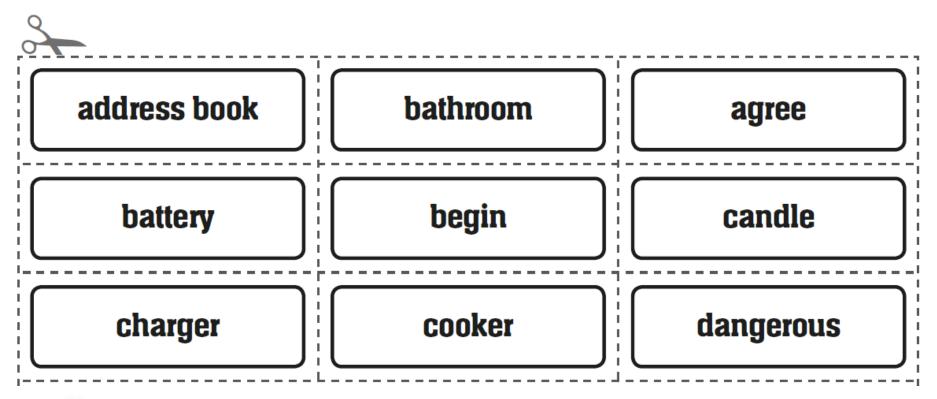




RESOURCE 88 Unit 7

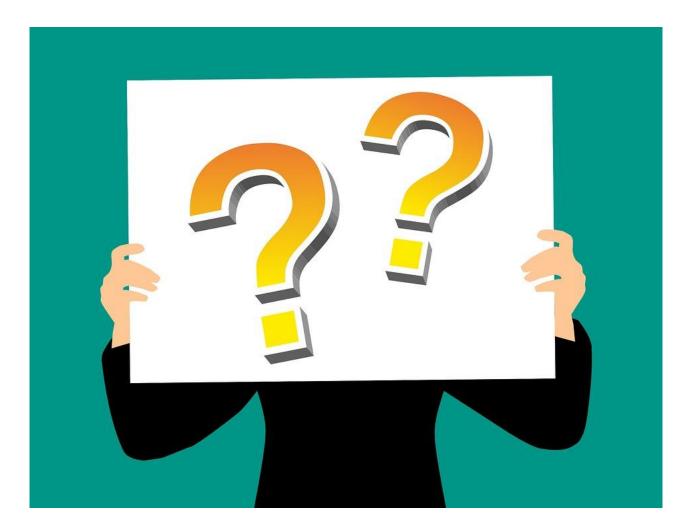
Vocabulary

Get rid of your card





Guess the word

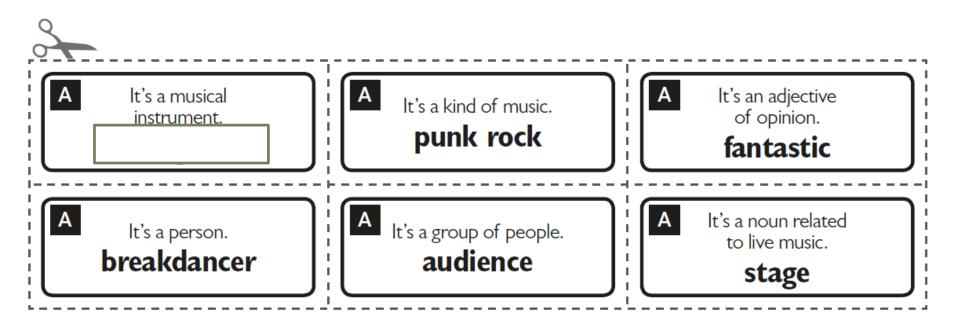




RESOURCE 62 Unit 5

Vocabulary

Guess it

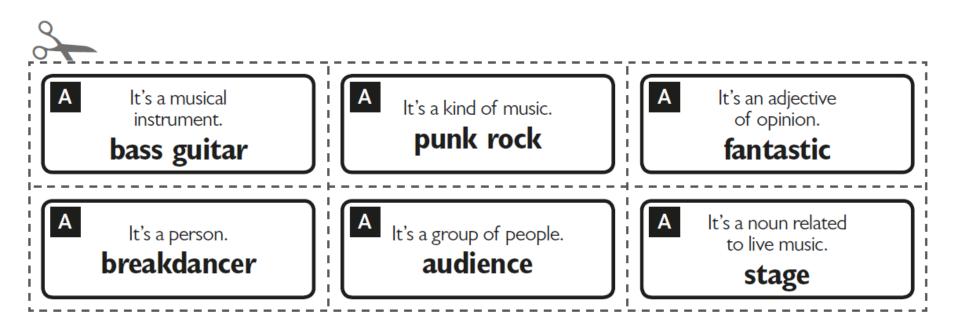




RESOURCE 62 Unit 5

Vocabulary

Guess it





Activities

- 1: describe
- 2: draw
- 3: mime
- 4: describe
- 5: draw 6: choose





Last One Standing



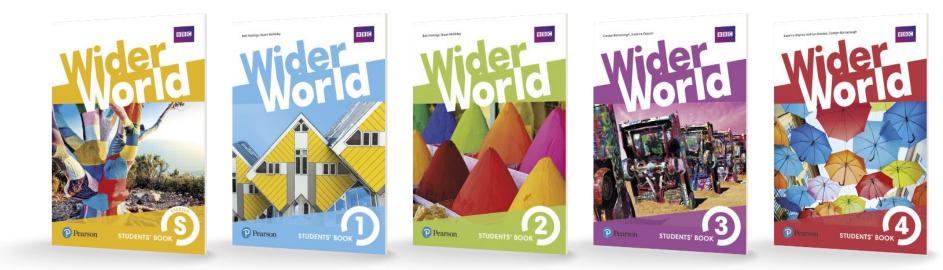


"Vocabulary is a matter of word-building as well as word-using."

David Crystal







Tel. +420 731 451 732



jarmila.tomanova@venturesbooks.com